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The collection of stories, folk - tales and experiences contained in this little book was compiled in an English class at the Fort Ontario shelter during the winter 1944-45. Nome of the tales is a translation the student who contributed each tale recalled it from memory and then wrote it in English. Some members of the group chose to write legends of their native city, while others have recounted personal experiences.

We hope you will find our attempt at English composition both interesting and entertaining.

Mary R. Jones.

A TRIP INTO THE UNKNOWN.

Described on a sailing-boat 130 of us nostly children with parents and old people. We started the trip soon after sunset. It was hardly midnight when the boot started to roll up and down - up and down, with a terriple force. The surface of the sea was as potionless as a mirror. We were informed that it is "dead sea", the roughest sea that can ever occure to a sailor. The sailors decided to turn back innediately to Cursola from wheree we have come. It was impossible to procede the voyage. Cursola was already surrounded by the Germans. It was only a question of hours when they will take it. That now? Behind us the pitti'less energe, arround us the hell of the furious element- before us the uncertainty. But the sea grew so rough from minute to minute that we could not even turn back.

The Adriatic-Sea is full of little Islands. We cost anahor at the noarest. It was Lagosta.

Till the morning we did not know by when it was occupied. In the twilight of the daybreak a sentinel of armed soldiers came to see us. They where Italian soldiers, completely isolated and uninformed. They asked only a few questions and our captain answered as laconically as possible. They asked only a few questions and our captain answered as laconically as possible. They asked only a few questions and no legion with the outer world. They didn't let us sail but. We hade to wait for information. What information? They didn't know. So we stoyed for 5 days. Over us German planes were constantly flying. The only large was that our "Jastreb" was so little and shabby and the German bouns precious to them. After 5 days bergaining with the sentinel they let us pail out. One should mention that they plundered us of all that was best in our little trunks during the days we where hidden in the rocks. The night we sailed out was like in a happy ending movie. Moonlight, stars and sparkling sea. But we did not notice it. We were for days nearly without food and water. When the day broke out we were on the open sea. The danger from German

planes was nearly over but now we were in danger from the anchored and of floating mines. The captain was informed of some big minefields, and avoided them. But there was no safety from floating mines. Next morning we saw in a silvery mist the outline of South Italy which we suposed to be partly occupied by the Allfed forces. Than over us flew a British plane, the first one we have seen in years, than some motor-bouts - British motor-bouts. Then we sailed into the Bari herbour and cast anchor. We were the first Yugoslav refugues the British had to protect. The sentinels in the harbour came to see us. They brought us warn tea, big time with biscuits and jam, than sat on their heels with crossed arms on the breast and watched us, half curiously and half phleguatically.

We swallowed the biscuits and drank the ten engerly.

"Minere the hell did you come from are you colored ?" asked one of a the soldiers in a friendly manner. We locked astonished, at our follows passenger arround us. The children and all these unshaved people - the clothes which we have not changed for days- and all the signs that we where covering under the deck in the room used for the transport of soul. Then we understood.

"No, not at all, but you know - what can you do with a single cup of water- drink it or wash your free with it? We are as white as you - only terribly soiled.

Lovožlov Arnstein.

THE RAT - CATCHER OF HARELN.

There was once in the small town of Hameln in the German province of Westpholto a great trouble because of a dradfol phone of rats. The population and desperate, for all means attempted were used set. The menicipal council not knowing another way promised a big a wunt of a sea to him who could relieve the team from this great trouble. Next day a straight man agreered in the street and began to play a nagic tun on his flute. From all houses at once care out a great lot of rats which joined in a big procession. The street-player taking the lead and playing the flute led to the river temer, so that the rate ran into the water and all were drawned. The stranger went to the council demanding the promised reward for the work done. He was disappointed for the mayor refused to pay the promised money. The player score vengeance. He began again to play his flute and from all houses children came running to listen his strange playing. They denced a nice dence according to the tune of the flute and didn't note, that the stronger led them to a dark cave, where he looked than in. In the evening the unxious nothers searched for the children but they were not to be found enywhere and mobody knows until now where the strunger as well as the children disappeared.

Georg Loderer.

THE HOUSE OF THE PLAGUE.

The little village dreamt quietly in the moonlight. From a hill Mara saw it and hurried her steps. She was in the town on buriness, and it has taken her a little longer this time. It was nearly midnight, and she was still walking on the road. Mara was a widow, and lived in this village with her little son, Rade. She left him in the house alone this afternoon, and promised to bring him beautiful presents from the town, if he would stay home and wait for her.

When Mara reached the crossroad where the big crucifix stood, she saw a notionless figure wrapped in a gray blanket standing behind the crucifix. The figure made a nouvement as if it would like to go. But it seemed that the crucifix stopped it. Mara shuddered at the sight of it, and w wanted to hurry away.

"Stop" the ghastly figure adressed her in a coarse voice. "Talp me to pass this ornsewey. I am streeht".

"I don't know you-let me go" answered Marc, and wanted to harry away "Stay" rejunied the strange woman, "and I will tell you who I am. I at the power below; which the kings and emperors now their heals. Where my foot stems is small and known. My name is Flague. If you wen't omly me, now help also small to it. But I warm you- if you help me, I promise you to appear your house - if not - your child will be the single one I shall take in your villages.

"On no" cried out Mara in poin.

"I can't lose him ! I have nothing in the world but him. Never see himore and never kiss him - no, I can't. Here's my shoulder, lean upon it and co

When they passed the crucifix, the fagure vanished. Mara ran alarmed the rest of the way. When she reached the village, it was silent and dark. Onl from some houses she heard weeping and nourning. She hurried brethless to her

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house. It was silent and dark - too. "He is asleep, my little darling" she thought. But when she came to his bod, it was empty.

"Ride, my little boy, where are you ?".

Oh, I see, you have hidden yourself, you little joker. Come quickly, I brought you condies and beautiful toye". But only the echo answered herthe house was empty.

Than icy sweat run down her forhead, and horror filled her heart. She stumbled across the street to the house of her goodnother.

Here, chong the dead children of the goodmother was her child - cold and dead. The child was lonely and frightened this evening, and fleds to the house of the goodmother and fell asleep with the rost of the children.

In agony Mars hurried, to find the Plague. She found her quite down, on the end of the village. She full on her knees and lifted the hands to her. "Oh, terrible women, you have taken my child. He was in the neighbour's house. You promised me not to take him, give me back my child! ".

"To give you back your child, you silly woman ?! Don't you know that I never return what I have captured ? I promised you not to enter your house. It wosn't my foult that your child was out doors" and she vanished.

Many years passed since this day. People has almost forgatten the Plague. Merry children lough and play in the streets as in all other villages. But when one of then approaches one certain house, which stays lonely, ald and neglected, then they flew all away frightened. It is called "The house of the Plague" Mara lives still in it, as ald and lonely as this house and somehow insome and blind. In moonlight nights the passors-by on heure her lamonting voice sing mournfully into the night: "Oh, good people, hear my sad story and listen carefully to me. That you don't want to have happen to you, don't do it to your neighbor. Don't be blind and colfish in your love. Bear in your mind that, if somebody digs a hole under his neighbors feet he can never be sure if it isn't the grave for his most beloved.—

THE CHARLES IN INCH-PLACE IN VINENA.

Oli Vionna has vory many legends, one of them, is the tale of the "stick in iron", which because a sign of Vienna, well known, also beyond the franciers of the country.

The product of the good old time, when there were not yet so much machines as there are today, and nearly all kinds of work were made by hands, good rockers were wanted overwhere. The young workmen liked to join the usful with the agreeable, to become acquainted with some other parts of the country. They conferred from one place to an other, a sack on the shoulder, they worked exceptions, they were maded. For their work, they received food and same of the to the sleep, even it was only a stable, but they were always of good ones tout singing on their way. They were called wondering journeymen.

In old Vienna there was a custom, when those young journeymen ranted to howe the town, each of them had to hower a neil in a big stick, which was but on the border of the town. Eventually the whole stick was coveded with nails and looked like an iron stick, therefore they called it "stick in iron". The town became larger and bigger and today the "Stick in iron-place", one of the nicest places of Vienna is in the very center of the town, just a few minutes from the well known St. Stephans-church. Then ever a foreigner visits Vienna, he does'nt fail to look at this old sign.

Kitty Kaufmann.

When I came to America, The thing I wondered about the most was the trees. The trees, which follow thestrees, surrounding the little white houses, covering than. We see the sky through the green leaves. The trees are big with streight branches. They are like strong, healthy sen.

The ser country the frees seen old, too. They are muchy, how with deep loies, tany are all and sick; only the leaves and blocked read young. They are like an ill ald man with becutiful hair.

The trees in America are free. They are in front of the little houses. I have the feeling that they are walking and streehing the arms. Our trees are forced in behind the houses. On the streets you can see only the white ralls. There is nothing to protect us from the burning sum in summer.

[believed America to be composed of skyscrapers and factories with much dust and speed and 7 found it to be the lowliest and most unlimited garden of the earth.

Dr. Lenka Svecenski.